

## 'The North Ship'

The other week I wanted to say something about Art, and in the course of the matter quoted one of my favourite poets, Philip Larkin. Today, I would like to return to Larkin's poetry. At the risk of prompting contradiction from the English Department, I would rank Philip Larkin as perhaps the greatest English poet of the last 50 years. He was born in 1922 and died in

His personal philosophy was pessimistic – he felt a deep sadness at what he understood to be the hopelessness of life. I recommend that you look into his poetry if there is any part of you that enjoys reading great literature.

I would like to focus upon a poem of Larkin's for this assembly. I will use an early poem of his, written for his first volume of poetry. The poem is called The North Ship. It has a simple, fable-like feel to it, but is more complex than it first appears. The opening line is "I saw three ships go sailing by", which recalls the Christmas carol "I

Over the sea, the darkening sea,  
But no breath of wind came forth,  
And the decks shone frostily.

The northern sky rose high and black  
Over the proud unfruitful sea,  
East and west the ships came back  
Happily or unhappily:

But the third went wide and far  
Into an unforgiving sea  
Under a fire-spilling star,  
And it was rigged for a long journey.

The three ships represent something, as do their journeys, as does the wind. But what? That is the beauty of poetry – you get out what you bring to it. You will have given your own value and significance to those images. You will have made your own sense of the poem.

Perhaps one reading is that each ship is a way of living a life. One ship is ‘possessed’ by the wind and is ‘carried to a rich country.’ That sounds like a life dominated by a drive for success and personal wealth. But the words ‘possessed’ and ‘carried’ do not suggest that the quest for wealth is a positive and willing activity – it does not imply that happiness is achievable by this route.

The second ship is ‘hunted like a beast’ by the wind. It travels over the ‘quaking sea’, until it ‘anchors in captivity.’ It sounds as though this life is even less successful – hurt by others and without freedom or authority.

But notice that both of these ships return to the place where they started from:

“East and west the ships came back  
Happily or unhappily”

For all the apparent success or failure, there has been no progression for these ships. But there is a third ship – the North Ship.

We know little of this ship. It is ‘rigged for a long journey’. We are told that it ‘drove towards the North’, although strangely, whatever was powering its progress, it could do so independently of the wind, for ‘no breath of wind came forth’. In the north, the ship encountered harsh conditions – frost and a darkening sea and sky. It had a tougher time than either of the other two ships. We don’t know what happens to the North Ship. All we have is that powerful final verse:

“But the third went wide and far  
Into an unforgiving sea  
Under a fire-spilling star,

And it was rigged for a long journey.”

I don't know about you, but I know what ship I would join. I would head straight for the North Ship – and I hope I would find you in the crew as well. Those who are attracted to the North Ship are not interested in a safe time, searching for little treasures. They are not interested in living a life full of fear. They want to go ‘wide and far’. They don't mind that the sea is ‘unforgiving’. They don't mind that the ship is rigged for a long journey – in fact they welcome it.

Above all - they want to know more about that fire-spilling star. And I hope you feel the same.

This poem, if you agree with the reading, is inviting, even inspiring, you to take the harder route. To ask more of yourself in search of something that will give a greater meaning to your life. The alternatives are the barren search for mere money, or being the victim of other forces. Both are ultimately sterile, because your sense of yourself and the value you give yourself is defined in terms other than yourself, and which is in the control of others.

The third ship – the North Ship – travels by itself in the direction that will challenge it, but ultimately validate it. That ship finds the wonders of the world in the frosty high spaces. That ship is on a mission. That ship never comes back – always moving forward, ‘rigged for a long journey’.

But whatever ship you choose in life – and make no mistake, it is you that choose your ship, not your ship that chooses you – take along a little volume of Larkin's poetry on the voyage. It is endlessly enriching and will sustain you on the journey.

And if you can – turn towards the North and that ‘fire-spilling star’.